

# AFB0924M Delta 24VDC 1.92W 92x92x25.4mm Axial Cooling Fan Datasheet



**Brand:** Delta

**SKU:** [959081399221](#)

**Category:** Axial & Centrifugal Fans

**Price:** **\$14.99**

---

**E-mail:** [sales@equipspares.com](mailto:sales@equipspares.com)

**Web:** <https://www.equipspares.com>

---

Product Page:

<https://www.equipspares.com/product/afb0924m-delta-24vdc-1-92w-92x92x25-4mm-axial-cooling-fan>

---

## Product Description

---

Delta AFB0924M is a 92 x 92 x 25.4 mm axial cooling fan operating at a nominal 24 VDC with a rated power consumption of 1.92 W. This unit features a dual ball bearing system and a brushless DC motor housed within a UL 94V-0 plastic impeller and frame. It delivers a maximum airflow of 1.240 m<sup>3</sup>/min (43.79 CFM) and a static pressure of 3.25 mmH<sub>2</sub>O while maintaining a noise level of 30.0 dB-A. The electrical interface consists of two 24 AWG lead wires, and the internal rotor is protected by an impedance protection mechanism.

### AFB0924M Specifications

Model Number: AFB0924M

Brand: Delta Electronics

Category: DC Axial Fan

Dimensions: 92 x 92 x 25.4 mm

Rated Voltage: 24 VDC

Operating Voltage Range: 14.0 to 27.6 VDC

Rated Current: 0.14 A

Maximum Current: 0.15 A

Rated Input Power: 1.92 W

Rated Speed: 2450 RPM

Maximum Airflow: 1.240 m<sup>3</sup>/min (43.79 CFM)

Maximum Static Pressure: 3.25 mmH<sub>2</sub>O (0.130 inH<sub>2</sub>O)

Noise Level: 30.0 dB-A

Bearing Type: Dual Ball Bearing

Operating Temperature: -10 to +70 °C

Storage Temperature: -40 to +75 °C

Life Expectancy: 70,000 hours at 40 °C

Weight: 99 g

Material (Frame/Impeller): Plastic (UL 94V-0)

Termination: 2-wire (Lead wires)

Lead Wire: UL 1007 AWG #24

Protection: Locked Rotor Protection

#### AFB0924M Applications

Primary applications include integration into industrial frequency converters, server chassis, and high-density power supply units requiring active thermal management. Deployed within telecommunications equipment racks and CNC machine control cabinets to facilitate heat dissipation from internal electronic components.

## Supplemental Images

---

